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 Policy 522

 Revised: 12/17/2018
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 Rev. 2020

# 522 SEX NONDISCRIMINATION POLICY, TITLE IX GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE AND PROCESS

## I. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. Yinghua Academy prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in all forms, including sexual harassment.
- B. Yinghua Academy does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its education programs or activities, and it is required by Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, and its implementing regulations, not to discriminate in such a manner. The requirement not to discriminate in its education program or activity extends to admission and employment. Yinghua Academy is committed to maintaining an education and work environment that is free from discrimination based on sex, including sexual harassment

# II. SEX DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINTS NOT INVOLVING SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Complaints of sex discrimination that do not constitute sexual harassment, as defined below, or retaliation from making a complaint of sexual harassment, should be reported to the building principal or building supervisor. The building principal or supervisor is then responsible for notifying Yinghua Academy's Title IX Coordinator of the complaint. If a complaint involves the building principal or supervisor, it should be reported directly to the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator will ensure an investigation is completed in accordance with the requirements of applicable Yinghua Academy policies. Yinghua Academy's Title IX Coordinator is **the HR/Business Manager**. The Title IX Coordinator's contact information is:

[Mrs. Jennifer Olsen, HR/Business Manager, Yinghua Academy, 612-788-9095, jennifer.olsen@yinghuaacademy.org

## III. GENERAL POLICY PROHIBITING SEXUAL HARASSMENT

- A. Yinghua Academy prohibits sexual harassment that occurs within its education programs and activities. When Yinghua Academy has actual knowledge of sexual harassment in its education program or activity against a person in the United States, it shall promptly respond in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent.
- B. This policy applies to sexual harassment that occurs within Yinghua Academy's education programs and activities. This policy does not apply to sexual harassment that occurs outside the scope of Yinghua Academy's education programs and activities. This policy does not apply to sexual harassment that occurs outside the

geographic boundaries of the United States, even if the sexual harassment occurs in Yinghua Academy's education programs or activities

C. Any student, parent, or guardian having questions regarding the application of Title IX and its regulations and/or this policy and grievance process should discuss them with the Title IX Coordinator. Yinghua Academy's Title IX Coordinator(s) is:

Mrs. Jennifer Olsen, HR/Business Manager, 612-788-9095, jennifer.olsen@yinghuaacademy.org

Questions relating solely to Title IX and its regulations may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator(s), the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the United States Department of Education, or both.

D. The effective date of this policy is August 14, 2020, and it applies to alleged violations of this policy occurring on or after August 14, 2020.

## IV. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Actual knowledge" means notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment to Yinghua Academy's Title IX Coordinator or to any employee of Yinghua Academy. This standard is not met when the only official of Yinghua Academy with actual knowledge is the respondent.
- B. "Complainant" means a person who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment under Title IX. A Title IX Coordinator who signs a formal complaint is not a complainant unless the Title IX Coordinator is alleged to be the victim of the conduct described in the formal complaint.
- C. "Day" or "days" means, unless expressly stated otherwise, business days (i.e. day(s) that Yinghua Academy office is open for normal operating hours, Monday Friday, excluding state-recognized holidays).
- D. "Deliberately indifferent" means clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. Yinghua Academy is deliberately indifferent only if its response to sexual harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.
- E. "Education program or activity" means locations, events, or circumstances over which Yinghua Academy exercises substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and includes Yinghua Academy education programs or activities that occur on or off of Yinghua Academy property.
- F. "Formal complaint" means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that Yinghua Academy investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.
  - 1. A formal complaint filed by a complainant must be a physical document or an electronic submission. The formal complaint must contain the

- complainant's physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicate that the complainant is the person filing the formal complaint, and must be submitted to the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by email.
- 2. A formal complaint shall state that, at the time of filing the formal complaint, the complainant was participating in, or attempting to participate in, an education program or activity of Yinghua Academy with which the formal complaint is filed.
- 3. A parent or guardian of a child younger than 18 years old may file a formal complaint on behalf of their child.
- G. "Informal resolution" means options for resolving a formal complaint that do not involve a full investigation and adjudication. Informal resolution may encompass a broad range of conflict resolution strategies, including mediation or restorative justice.
- H. "Relevant questions" and "relevant evidence" are questions, documents, statements, physical items, or information that are related to the allegations raised in a formal complaint and have any tendency to make the allegations more or less likely to be true. Relevant evidence includes evidence that is both inculpatory and exculpatory. Questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, unless such questions or evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if the questions or evidence concern specific incidents of the complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and are offered to prove consent.
- I. "Remedies" means actions designed to restore or preserve the complainant's equal access to education after a respondent is found responsible for sexual harassment. Remedies may include the same individualized services that constitute supportive measures, but need not be non-punitive or non-disciplinary, nor must they avoid burdening the respondent.
- J. "Respondent" means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment under Title IX.
- K. "Sexual harassment" means any of three types of misconduct on the basis of sex that occurs in a Yinghua Academy education program or activity and is committed against a person in the United States:
  - 1. Quid pro quo harassment by a Yinghua Academy employee (conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of Yinghua Academy on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct);
  - 2. Unwelcome conduct that a reasonable person would find so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it denies a person equal educational access; or

- 3. Any instance of sexual assault (as defined in the Clery Act, 20 U.S.C. \$1092(f)(6)A(v)), dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking (as defined in the Violence Against Women Act, 34 U.S.C. \$12291).
- L. "Supportive measures" means individualized services provided to the complainant or respondent without fee or charge that are reasonably available, non-punitive, non-disciplinary, not unreasonably burdensome to the other party, and designed to ensure equal educational access, protect safety, and deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, alternative educational services as defined under Minn. Stat. § 121A.41, as amended, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work or school locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of Yinghua Academy buildings or property, and other similar measures.
- M. "Title IX Personnel" means any person who addresses, works on, or assists with Yinghua Academy's response to a report of sexual harassment or formal complaint, and includes persons who facilitate informal resolutions. The following are considered Title IX Personnel:
  - 1. "Title IX Coordinator" means an employee of Yinghua Academy that is designated and authorized to coordinate Yinghua Academy's efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under Title IX. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for acting as the primary contact for the parties and ensuring that the parties are provided with all notices, evidence, reports, and written determinations to which they are entitled under this policy and grievance process. The Title IX Coordinator is also responsible for effective implementation of any supportive measures or remedies. The Title IX Coordinator must be free from conflicts of interest and bias when administrating the grievance process.
  - 2. "Investigator" means a person who investigates a formal complaint. The investigator of a formal complaint may not be the same person as the Title IX Coordinator, the Decision-maker or the Appellate Decision-maker in that formal complaint. The Investigator may be a Yinghua Academy employee, Yinghua Academy official, or a third party designated by Yinghua Academy.
  - 3. "Decision-maker" means a person who makes a determination regarding responsibility after the investigation has concluded. The Decision-maker for a formal complaint cannot be the same person as the Title IX Coordinator, the Investigator, or the Appellate Decision-maker in that formal complaint. The Decision-maker may be an administrator, supervisor, or other individual qualified to determine and impose appropriate remedies if a determination of responsibility is made.
  - 4. "Appellate Decision-maker" means a person who considers and decides

appeals of determinations regarding responsibility and dismissals of formal complaints. The Appellate Decision-maker for a formal complaint cannot be the same person as the Title IX Coordinator, Investigator, or Decision-maker in that formal complaint. The Appellate Decision-maker may be a Yinghua Academy employee, or a third party designated by Yinghua Academy.

- 5. "Informal resolution facilitator" means a person who facilitates the informal resolution process if desired by the parties. The Informal resolution facilitator may be the Title IX Coordinator, but may not be the Investigator, Decision-maker or Appellate Decision-maker in the formal complaint proposed for informal resolution.
- 6. The Executive Director of Yinghua Academy may delegate functions assigned to a specific Yinghua Academy employee under this policy, including but not limited to the functions assigned to the Title IX Coordinator, Investigator, Decision-maker, Appellate Decision-maker, and Informal resolution facilitator, to any suitably qualified individual and such delegation may be rescinded by the Executive Director at any time. Yinghua Academy may also, in its discretion, appoint suitably qualified persons who are not Yinghua Academy employees to fulfill any function under this policy, including, but not limited to, Investigator, Decision-maker, Appellate Decision-maker, and Informal resolution facilitator.

## V. REPORTING PROHIBITED CONDUCT

- A. Any student who believes they have been the victim of unlawful sex discrimination or sexual harassment, or any person (including the parent of a student) with actual knowledge of conduct which may constitute unlawful sex discrimination or sexual harassment should report the alleged acts as soon as possible to the Title IX Coordinator.
- B. Any employee of Yinghua Academy who has experienced, has actual knowledge of, or has witnessed unlawful sex discrimination, including sexual harassment, or who otherwise becomes aware of unlawful sex discrimination, including sexual harassment, must promptly report the allegations to the Title IX Coordinator without screening or investigating the report or allegations.
- C. A report of unlawful sex discrimination or sexual harassment may be made at any time, including during non-business hours, and may be made in person, by mail, by telephone, or by e-mail using the Title IX Coordinator's contact information. A report may also be made by any other means that results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the person's verbal or written report.
- D. Sexual harassment may constitute both a violation of this policy and criminal law. To the extent the alleged conduct may constitute a crime, Yinghua Academy may report the alleged conduct to law enforcement authorities. Yinghua Academy

encourages complainants to report criminal behavior to the police immediately.

## VI. RETALIATION PROHIBITED

- Neither Yinghua Academy nor any other person may intimidate, threaten, coerce, A. or discriminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, its implementing regulations, or this policy, or because the individual made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this policy. Intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex discrimination, or a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, its implementing regulations, or this policy, constitutes retaliation. Retaliation against a person for making a report of sexual harassment, filing a formal complaint, or participating in an investigation, constitutes a violation of this policy that can result in the imposition of disciplinary sanctions/consequences and/or other appropriate remedies.
- B. Any person may submit a report or formal complaint alleging retaliation to the Title IX Coordinator in the manner described in this policy and it will be addressed in the same manner as other complaints of sexual harassment.
- C. Charging an individual with violation of Yinghua Academy policies for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a grievance proceeding under this policy shall not constitute retaliation, provided, however, that a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.

## VII. DISSEMINATION OF POLICY

- A. This policy shall be made available to all students, parents/guardians of students, Yinghua Academy employees, and employee unions.
- B. Yinghua Academy shall conspicuously post the name of the Title IX Coordinator, including office address, telephone number, and work e-mail address on its website and in each handbook that it makes available to parents, employees, students, unions, or applicants.
- C. Yinghua Academy must provide applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians of elementary and secondary school students, employees, and all unions holding collective bargaining agreements with Yinghua Academy, with the following:
  - 1. The name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the Title IX Coordinator;

- 2. Notice that Yinghua Academy does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the education program or activity that it operates, and that it is required by Title IX not to discriminate in such a manner:
- 3. A statement that the requirement not to discriminate in the education program or activity extends to admission and employment, and that inquiries about the application of Title IX may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator, to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the United States Department of Education, or both; and
- 4. Notice of Yinghua Academy's grievance procedures and grievance process referenced in this policy, including how to report or file a complaint of sex discrimination, how to report or file a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and how Yinghua Academy will respond.

## VIII. RECORDKEEPING

- A. Yinghua Academy must create, and maintain for a period of seven calendar years, records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment. In each instance, Yinghua Academy must document:
  - 1. The basis for Yinghua Academy's conclusion that its response to the report or formal complaint was not deliberately indifferent;
  - 2. The measures Yinghua Academy has taken that are designed to restore or preserve equal access to Yinghua Academy's education program or activity; and
  - 3. If Yinghua Academy does not provide a complainant with supportive measures, then it must document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. Such a record must be maintained for a period of seven years.
  - 4. The documentation of certain bases or measures does not limit Yinghua Academy in the future from providing additional explanations or detailing additional measures taken.
- B. Yinghua Academy must also maintain for a period of seven calendar years records of:
  - 1. Each sexual harassment investigation including any determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to the complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to Yinghua Academy's education program or activity;
  - 2. Any appeal and the result therefrom;

- 3. Any informal resolution and the result therefrom; and
- 4. All materials used to train Title IX Personnel.

## IX. APPLICATION OF LAWS OTHER THAN TITLE IX

A. If a formal complaint is dismissed because the allegations, if true, would not constitute sexual harassment as described above or if a Decision-maker or Appellate decision-maker makes a determination that a respondent is not responsible for sexual harassment under these procedures, the Title IX Coordinator will consider whether the alleged conduct may constitute a violation of one or both of the alternative definitions below. If an investigation has already been conducted, the Title IX Coordinator may review the investigation to determine whether prohibited sexual harassment has occurred. If the Title IX Coordinator concludes that it has, the Title IX Coordinator shall report those findings to the Decision-maker and the Decision-maker shall impose or recommend remedies. If no investigation has taken place, the complaint shall be investigated consistent with Policy 103.

## B. Alternative Definitions of Sexual Harassment

- i. Minnesota Human Rights Act (Applicable to Employees and Students)
  - "Sexual harassment" includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, sexually motivated physical contact or other verbal or physical conduct or communication of a sexual nature when:
  - (1) submission to that conduct or communication is made a term or condition, either explicitly or implicitly, of obtaining employment or education;
  - (2) submission to or rejection of that conduct or communication by an individual is used as a factor in decisions affecting that individual's employment or education; or
  - (3) that conduct or communication has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's employment or education, or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive employment, or educational environment.
- ii. Title VII (Applicable to Employees)
  - "Sexual harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitute sexual harassment when:
  - (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment,

- (2) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual, or
- (3) such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.

## X. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE AND PROCESS

The grievance procedure and process adopted by Yinghua Academy shall be included with the Policy as an addendum, and may be reviewed and revised as deemed appropriate by Yinghua Academy.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 121A.04 (Athletic Programs; Sex Discrimination)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.40 – 121A.575 (Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 363A (Minnesota Human Rights Act)

20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1688 (Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972)

29 C.F.R. Part 1604 (Implementing Regulations of Title VII) 34 C.F.R. Part 106 (Implementing Regulations of Title IX)

20 U.S.C § 1400, et seq. (Individuals with Disabilities Education

Improvement Act of 2004)

29 U.S.C. § 794 (Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973)

42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq. (Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as

amended)

20 U.S.C. § 1232g (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974)

20 U.S.C. § 1092 et seq. (Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security and

Campus Crime Statistics Act ("Clery Act")

Cross References: Policy 102 (Equal Educational Opportunity)

Policy 413 (Harassment and Violence)

Policy 506 (Student Discipline)

Policy 528 (Student Parental, Family, and Marital Status

Nondiscrimination)

# Title IX Grievance Procedure and Process Addendum to Policy 522

# I. BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR GRIEVANCE PROCESS

## A. <u>Equitable Treatment</u>

- 1. Yinghua Academy shall treat complainants and respondents equitably. However, equality or parity with respect to supportive measures provided to complainants and respondents is not required.
- 2. Yinghua Academy will not impose any disciplinary sanctions or take any other actions against a respondent that do not constitute supportive measures until it has completed this grievance process and the respondent has been found responsible.
- 3. Yinghua Academy will provide appropriate remedies to the complainant when a determination of responsibility for sexual harassment has been made against a respondent.

## B. Objective and Unbiased Evaluation of Complaints

- 1. Title IX Personnel, including the Title IX Coordinator, Investigator, Decision-maker, and Appellate Decision-maker, shall be free from conflicts of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or a specific complainant or respondent.
- 2. Throughout the grievance process, Title IX Personnel will objectively evaluate all relevant evidence, inculpatory and exculpatory, and shall avoid credibility determinations based solely on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness.
- C. Title IX Personnel will presume that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.

# D. Confidentiality

To the extent permitted by governing law and regulations, Yinghua Academy will not release private educational or personnel data about complainants, respondents, witnesses, allegations of sexual harassment, investigations, decisions, dismissals, and/or findings of responsibility. However, Yinghua Academy's obligations under the implementing regulations for Title IX may require disclosure of certain private educational or personnel data to other parties and/or witnesses.

# E. Right to an Advisor; Right to a Support Person

Complainants and respondents have the right, at their own expense, to be assisted by an advisor of their choice during all stages of any grievance proceeding, including all meetings and investigative interviews. The advisor may be, but is not required to be, an attorney. In general, an advisor is not permitted to speak for or on behalf of a complainant or respondent, appear in lieu of complainant or respondent, participate as a witness, or participate directly during any phase of the grievance process. An advisor to a complainant or respondent may prepare written submissions on behalf of the party.

# F. Notice

Yinghua Academy will send written notice of any investigative interviews or meetings to any party whose participation is invited or expected. The written notice will include the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview, and will be provided so as to allow sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.

# G. Consolidation

Yinghua Academy may, in its discretion, consolidate formal complaints as to allegations of sexual harassment against more than one respondent, or by more than one complainant against one or more respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances.

## H. Evidence

- 1. During the grievance process, Yinghua Academy will not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or evidence that constitute or seek disclosure of information protected under a legally recognized privilege, unless the person holding such privilege has waived the privilege.
- 2. Yinghua Academy shall not access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's medical, psychological, and similar treatment records unless Yinghua Academy obtains the party's voluntary, written consent.

## I. Burden of Proof

- 1. The burden of gathering evidence and the burden of proof shall remain upon Yinghua Academy and not upon the parties.
- 2. The grievance process shall use a preponderance of the evidence standard (i.e. whether it is more likely than not that the respondent engaged in sexual harassment) for all formal complaints of sexual harassment, including when

Yinghua Academy employees are respondents.

## J. Timelines

- 1. Any informal resolution process must be completed within thirty (30) calendar days following the parties' agreement to participate in such informal process.
- 2. An appeal of a determination of responsibility or of a decision dismissing a formal complaint must be received by Yinghua Academy within five (5) calendar days of the date the determination of responsibility or dismissal was provided to the parties.
- 3. Any appeal of a determination of responsibility or of a dismissal will be decided within thirty (30) calendar days of the day the appeal was received by Yinghua Academy.
- 4. Yinghua Academy will seek to conclude the grievance process, including any appeal, within 120 calendar days of the date the formal complaint was received by Yinghua Academy.
- 5. Although Yinghua Academy strives to adhere to the timelines described above, in each case, Yinghua Academy may extend the time frames for good cause. Good cause may include, without limitation: the complexity of the allegations; the severity and extent of the alleged misconduct; the number of parties, witnesses, and the types of other evidence (e.g., forensic evidence) involved; the availability of the parties, advisors, witnesses, and evidence (e.g., forensic evidence); concurrent law enforcement activity; intervening Yinghua Academy holidays, breaks, or other closures; the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities; and/or other unforeseen circumstances.

## K. <u>Potential Remedies and Disciplinary Sanctions</u>

- 1. The following is the range of possible remedies that Yinghua Academy may provide a complainant and disciplinary sanctions that Yinghua Academy might impose upon a respondent, following determination of responsibility: counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, mutual or unilateral restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in transportation, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, monitoring of certain areas of Yinghua Academy buildings or property, warning, suspension, exclusion, expulsion, transfer, remediation, termination, or discharge.
- 2. If the Decision-maker determines a student-respondent is responsible for violating this policy, the Decision-maker will impose or recommend

appropriate remedies, including disciplinary sanctions/consequences. The discipline of a student-respondent must comply with the applicable provisions of Policy 506 – Student Discipline, the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and/or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1972, and their respective implementing regulations.

## II. INITIAL RESPONSE AND ASSESSMENT BY THE TITLE IX COORDINATOR

- A. When the Title IX Coordinator receives a report, the Title IX Coordinator shall promptly contact the complainant confidentially to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain to the complainant the process for filling a formal complaint.
- B. Yinghua Academy will offer supportive measures to the complainant whether or not the complainant decides to make a formal complaint. Yinghua Academy must maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair Yinghua Academy's ability to provide the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures.
- C. If the complainant does not wish to file a formal complaint, the allegations will not be investigated by Yinghua Academy unless the Title IX Coordinator determines that signing a formal complaint to initiate an investigation against the complainant's wishes is not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.
- D. Upon receipt of a formal complaint, Yinghua Academy must provide written notice of the formal complaint to the known parties with sufficient time to prepare a response before any initial interview. This written notice must contain:
  - 1. The allegations of sexual harassment, including sufficient details known at the time, the identities of the parties involved in the incident (if known), the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident, if known;
  - 2. A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility will be made at the conclusion of the grievance process;
  - 3. A statement explaining that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney;
  - 4. A statement that the parties may inspect and review evidence gathered

pursuant to this policy;

- 5. A statement informing the parties of any code of conduct provision that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information; and
- 6. A copy of Policy 522 and this Grievance Procedures document.

## III. STATUS OF RESPONDENT DURING PENDENCY OF FORMAL COMPLAINT

## A. Emergency Removal of a Student

- 1. Yinghua Academy may remove a student-respondent from an education program or activity of Yinghua Academy on an emergency basis before a determination regarding responsibility is made if:
  - a. Yinghua Academy undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis;
  - b. Yinghua Academy determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal of the student-respondent; and
  - c. If Yinghua Academy determines the student-respondent poses such a threat, it will so notify the student-respondent and the student-respondent will have an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal. In determining whether to impose emergency removal measures, the Title IX Coordinator shall consult related Yinghua Academy policies, including Policy 506 Student Discipline. Yinghua Academy must take into consideration applicable requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, prior to removing a special education student or Section 504 student on an emergency basis.

## B. <u>Employee Administrative Leave</u>

Yinghua Academy may place a non-student employee on administrative leave during the pendency of the grievance process of a formal complaint. Such leave will typically be paid leave unless circumstances justify unpaid leave in compliance with legal requirements. Yinghua Academy must take into consideration requirements of any applicable collective bargaining agreement or individual contract, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and the Americans with Disabilities Act prior to removing an individual with a qualifying disability.

## IV. INFORMAL RESOLUTION OF A FORMAL COMPLAINT

- A. At any time prior to reaching a determination of responsibility, informal resolution may be offered and facilitated by Yinghua Academy at Yinghua Academy's discretion, but only after a formal complaint has been received by Yinghua Academy.
- B. Yinghua Academy may not require as a condition of enrollment or continued enrollment, or of employment or continued employment, or enjoyment of any other right, waiver of the right to a formal investigation and adjudication of formal complaints of sexual harassment.
- C. The informal resolution process may not be used to resolve allegations that a Yinghua Academy employee sexually harassed a student.
- D. Yinghua Academy will not facilitate an informal resolution process without both parties' agreement, and will obtain their voluntary, written consent to participate in the informal resolution process. Yinghua Academy will provide to the parties a written notice disclosing the allegations, the requirements of the informal resolution process including the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations, the parties' right to withdraw from the informal resolution process, and any consequences resulting from participating in the informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared.
- E. At any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the grievance process with respect to the formal complaint.

## V. DISMISSAL OF A FORMAL COMPLAINT

- A. Under federal law, Yinghua Academy must dismiss a Title IX complaint, or a portion thereof, if the conduct alleged in a formal complaint or a portion thereof:
  - 1. Would not meet the definition of sexual harassment, even if proven;
  - 2. Did not occur in Yinghua Academy's education program or activity; or
  - 3. Did not occur against a person in the United States.
- B. Yinghua Academy may, in its discretion, dismiss a formal complaint or allegations therein if:
  - 1. The complainant informs the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant desires to withdraw the formal complaint or allegations therein;

- 2. The respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by Yinghua Academy; or
- 3. Specific circumstances prevent Yinghua Academy from gathering sufficient evidence to reach a determination.
- C. Yinghua Academy shall provide written notice to both parties of a dismissal. The notice must include the reasons for the dismissal and grounds upon which an appeal may be made.
- D. Dismissal of a formal complaint or a portion thereof does not preclude Yinghua Academy from addressing the underlying conduct in any manner that Yinghua Academy deems appropriate, including an investigation pursuant to other Yinghua Academy policies.

#### VI. INVESTIGATION OF A FORMAL COMPLAINT

- A. If a formal complaint is received by Yinghua Academy, Yinghua Academy will assign or designate an Investigator to investigate the allegations set forth in the formal complaint.
- B. If during the course of the investigation Yinghua Academy decides to investigate any allegations about the complainant or respondent that were not included in the written notice of a formal complaint provided to the parties, Yinghua Academy must provide notice of the additional allegations to the known parties.
- C. When a party's participation is invited or expected in an investigative interview, the Investigator will coordinate with the Title IX Coordinator to provide written notice to the party of the date, time, location, participants, and purposes of the investigative interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare.
- D. During the investigation, the Investigator must provide the parties with an equal opportunity to present witnesses for interviews, including fact witnesses and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence.
- E. Prior to the completion of the investigative report, the Investigator, through the Title IX Coordinator, will provide the parties and their advisors (if any) with an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence directly related to the allegations. The evidence shall be provided in electronic format or hard copy and shall include all relevant evidence, evidence upon which Yinghua Academy does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility, and any inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a party or another source. The parties will have ten (10) days to submit a written response, which the Investigator will consider prior to completion of the investigative report.

F. The Investigator will prepare a written investigative report that fairly summarizes the relevant evidence. The investigative report may include credibility determinations that are not based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent or witness. The investigative report may include recommended findings of fact and conclusions. Yinghua Academy will send the parties and their advisors (if any) a copy of the report in electronic format or hard copy, for their review and written response at least ten (10) days prior to a determination of responsibility.

## VII. DETERMINATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY

- A. After Yinghua Academy has sent the investigative report to both parties and before Yinghua Academy has reached a determination regarding responsibility, the Decision-maker must afford each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness. The time allowed for submitting questions and answers is at the discretion of the Decision-maker.
- B. The Decision-maker must provide the relevant questions submitted by the parties to the other parties or witnesses to whom the questions are offered, and then provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party.
- C. The Decision-maker must explain to the party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.
- D. When the exchange of questions and answers has concluded, and the parties have been provided at least ten days to review and submit a written response to the investigative report, the Decision-maker must issue a written determination regarding responsibility that applies the preponderance of the evidence standard to the facts and circumstances of the formal complaint. The written determination of responsibility must include the following:
  - 1. Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment;
  - 2. A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
  - 3. Findings of fact supporting the determination;
  - 4. Conclusions regarding the application of Yinghua Academy's code of conduct to the facts;
  - 5. A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions Yinghua Academy imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies

- designed to restore or preserve equal access to Yinghua Academy's education program or activity will be provided by Yinghua Academy to the complainant; and
- 6. Yinghua Academy's procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal and the date by which an appeal must be made.
- E. In determining appropriate disciplinary sanctions, the Decision-maker should consider the surrounding circumstances, the nature of the behavior, past incidents or past or continuing patterns of behavior, the relationships between the parties involved, and the context in which the alleged incident occurred.
- F. The written determination of responsibility must be provided to the parties simultaneously.
- G. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for the effective implementation of any remedies.
- H. The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either on the date that Yinghua Academy provides the parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal, if an appeal is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.

## VIII. APPEALS

- A. Yinghua Academy shall offer the parties an opportunity to appeal a determination regarding responsibility or Yinghua Academy's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein, on the following bases:
  - 1. A procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter (e.g., a material deviation from established procedures);
  - 2. New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and
  - 3. The Title IX Coordinator, Investigator, or Decision-maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.
- B. If notice of an appeal is received in a timely manner by Yinghua Academy, Yinghua Academy will notify the parties in writing of the receipt of the appeal, assign or designate the Appellate Decision-maker, and give the parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome.

- C. After reviewing the parties' written statements, the Appellate Decision-maker must issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result.
- D. The written decision describing the result of the appeal must be provided simultaneously to the parties.
- E. The decision of the Appellate Decision-maker is final. No further review beyond the appeal is permitted.